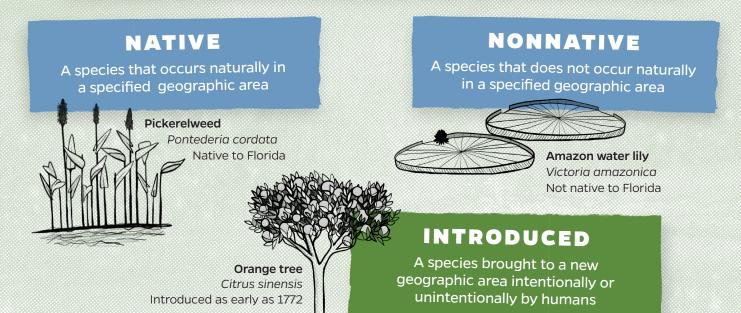
# Invasive Species Terminology

Developed by members of the University of Florida Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences (UF/IFAS) Invasive Species Council (ISC), these terms are applicable to animal and plant species. The UF/IFAS Center for Aquatic and Invasive Plants (CAIP) has chosen to highlight aquatic and terrestrial plant examples of each of the terms relevant to Florida. Please visit our online plant directory at plants.ifas.ufl.edu for more information regarding these examples.



## ESTABLISHED

A species having a self-sustaining and reproducing population in a specified geographic area without human intervention (can be native or nonnative)

> **Old world climbing fern** Lygodium microphyllum

One of the greatest invasive plant problems in South Florida



#### **Caribbean trumpettree** Tabebuia aurea Established in Palm Beach

and Broward counties

## INVASIVE

A species that (a) is nonnative to a specified geographic area, (b) was introduced by humans (intentionally or unintentionally), and (c) does or can cause environmental or economic harm or harm to humans











#### NUISANCE

An individual or group of a species that causes management issues or property damage, presents a threat to public safety, or is an annoyance. Can apply to both native and nonnative species

#### Cattail Typha sp.

The aggressive growth of cattails can make them a nuisance species

Coral ardisia Ardisia crenata FDACS\* classified coral ardisia as a noxious weed



#### NOXIOUS

Any plant or plant product that can directly cause damage to crops, livestock, poultry, or other interests of agriculture, irrigation, navigation, natural resources, public health, or the environment

#### PROHIBITED

A species determined injurious to humans or human interests



**Giant Salvinia** Salvinia molesta FDACS\* classified giant salvinia as a prohibited species



### **RANGE CHANGE**

The circumstance of a species' current/ existing range growing, shrinking, or shifting over time. This change can happen to native and nonnative species with or without human assistance

\*The Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (FDACS)



Red mangrove has expanded

its range northward in Florida







Adapted from: Iannone, B.V., Carnevale, S., Main, M.B., Hill, J.E., McConnell, J.B., Johnson, S.A., Enloe, S.F., Andreu, M., Bell, E.C., Cuda, J.P., & Baker, S.M. (2020). Invasive Species Terminology: Standardizing Stakeholder Education. Journal of Extension, 58, 3.